

The engord package

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Abstract

The package generates the suffix of English ordinal numbers. It can be used with plain and L^AT_EX formats.

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*Please report any issues at <https://github.com/ho-tex/oberdiek/issues>

1 Usage

`\engord` $\{ \langle \text{L}^{\text{A}}\text{T}_{\text{E}}\text{X counter name} \rangle \}$

It prints the value of the L^AT_EX counter as English ordinal number. It can be used in the same way as `\arabic`, `\roman`, or `\alph`. The command is not available in plain T_EX.

`\engordnumber` $\{ \langle \text{any T}_{\text{E}}\text{X number} \rangle \}$

It prints the number as English ordinal number.

`\engordletters` $\{ \#1 \}$

This command formats the English ordinal letters after the number. It defaults to `\textsuperscript`.

`\engorderror` $\{ \#1 \}$

It can be redefined, if an other error handling is wanted. The argument is a negative number or zero.

`\engordraisetrue`
`\engordraisefalse`

These commands set the switch `\ifengordraise` that is asked by the default `\engordletters` before raising the ordinal letters.

1.1 Package options

normal: `\engordraisefalse`

raise: `\engordraisetrue`

Default is raise.

1.2 Examples

- `\usepackage[normal]{engord}`
`\engordnumber{1}` → 1st
`\engordnumber{12}` → 12th
`\engordnumber{123}` → 123rd
`\engord{page}` → 1st (if page has the value of one)
`\engordraisetrue`
`\engordnumber{12}` → 12th
- The default output of a counter can be redefined:

```
\newcounter{mycounter}
\renewcommand{\theengcounter}{\engord{mycounter}}
```

- Because the implementation of `\engord` and `\engordnumber` is kept expandable, these commands can be used to make command names with an appropriate definition of `\engordletters`:

```
\renewcommand*\engordletters}[1]{#1}
 \@namedef{My\engordnumber{3}Command}{...}
```

This generates the command name `\My4rdCommand`. Since version 1.2 the redefinition can be dropped if the letters are not raised.

- If the letters should not be raised, use L^AT_EX package option `normal` or use

```
\engordraisefalse
```

Also `\engordletters` could be redefined for this purpose:

```
\renewcommand*\engordletters}[1]{#1}
```

2 Implementation

2.1 Reload check and identification

```
1 <*package>
2 \begingroup\catcode61\catcode48\catcode32=10\relax%
3 \catcode13=5 % ^~M
4 \endlinechar=13 %
5 \catcode35=6 % #
6 \catcode39=12 % '
7 \catcode44=12 % ,
8 \catcode45=12 % -
9 \catcode46=12 % .
10 \catcode58=12 % :
11 \catcode64=11 % @
12 \catcode123=1 % {
13 \catcode125=2 % }
14 \expandafter\let\expandafter\x\csname ver@engord.sty\endcsname
15 \ifx\x\relax % plain-TeX, first loading
16 \else
17 \def\empty{}%
18 \ifx\x\empty % LaTeX, first loading,
19 % variable is initialized, but \ProvidesPackage not yet seen
20 \else
21 \expandafter\ifx\csname PackageInfo\endcsname\relax
22 \def\x#1#2{%
23 \immediate\write-1{Package #1 Info: #2.}%
24 }%
25 \else
26 \def\x#1#2{\PackageInfo{#1}{#2, stopped}}%
27 \fi
28 \x{engord}{The package is already loaded}%
29 \aftergroup\endinput
30 \fi
31 \fi
32 \endgroup%
Package identification:
33 \begingroup\catcode61\catcode48\catcode32=10\relax%
34 \catcode13=5 % ^~M
```

```

35 \endlinechar=13 %
36 \catcode35=6 % #
37 \catcode39=12 % '
38 \catcode40=12 % (
39 \catcode41=12 % )
40 \catcode44=12 % ,
41 \catcode45=12 % -
42 \catcode46=12 % .
43 \catcode47=12 % /
44 \catcode58=12 % :
45 \catcode64=11 % @
46 \catcode91=12 % [
47 \catcode93=12 % ]
48 \catcode123=1 % {
49 \catcode125=2 % }
50 \expandafter\ifx\csname ProvidesPackage\endcsname\relax
51   \def\x#1#2#3[#4]{\endgroup
52     \immediate\write-1{Package: #3 #4}%
53     \xdef#1{#4}%
54   }%
55 \else
56   \def\x#1#2[#3]{\endgroup
57     #2[#{#3}]%
58     \ifx#1\@undefined
59       \xdef#1{#3}%
60     \fi
61     \ifx#1\relax
62       \xdef#1{#3}%
63     \fi
64   }%
65 \fi
66 \expandafter\x\csname ver@engord.sty\endcsname
67 \ProvidesPackage{engord}%
68 [2016/05/16 v1.9 Provides English ordinal numbers (H0)]%

```

2.2 Help commands for plain compatibility

```

69 \begingroup\catcode61\catcode48\catcode32=10\relax%
70 \catcode13=5 % ^M
71 \endlinechar=13 %
72 \catcode123=1 % {
73 \catcode125=2 % }
74 \catcode64=11 % @
75 \def\x{\endgroup
76   \expandafter\edef\csname E0@AtEnd\endcsname{%
77     \endlinechar=\the\endlinechar\relax
78     \catcode13=\the\catcode13\relax
79     \catcode32=\the\catcode32\relax
80     \catcode35=\the\catcode35\relax
81     \catcode61=\the\catcode61\relax
82     \catcode64=\the\catcode64\relax
83     \catcode123=\the\catcode123\relax
84     \catcode125=\the\catcode125\relax
85   }%
86 }%
87 \x\catcode61\catcode48\catcode32=10\relax%
88 \catcode13=5 % ^M
89 \endlinechar=13 %
90 \catcode35=6 % #

```

```

91 \catcode64=11 % @
92 \catcode123=1 % {
93 \catcode125=2 % }
94 \def\TMP@EnsureCode#1#2{%
95   \edef\E0@AtEnd{%
96     \E0@AtEnd
97     \catcode#1=\the\catcode#1\relax
98   }%
99   \catcode#1=#2\relax
100 }
101 \TMP@EnsureCode{33}{12}% !
102 \TMP@EnsureCode{36}{3}% $
103 \TMP@EnsureCode{39}{12}% '
104 \TMP@EnsureCode{42}{12}% *
105 \TMP@EnsureCode{46}{12}% .
106 \TMP@EnsureCode{47}{12}% /
107 \TMP@EnsureCode{60}{12}% <
108 \TMP@EnsureCode{91}{12}% [
109 \TMP@EnsureCode{93}{12}% ]
110 \TMP@EnsureCode{94}{7}% ^ (superscript)
111 \TMP@EnsureCode{96}{12}% ‘
112 \edef\E0@AtEnd{\E0@AtEnd\noexpand\endinput}
\E0@def Definitions, \newcommand does not exist in plain TEX.
113 \begingroup\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\endgroup
114 \expandafter\ifx\csname newcommand\endcsname\relax
115   \def\E0@def{\def}%
116 \else
117   \def\E0@def#1{%
118     \newcommand*{#1}{}%
119     \def#1%
120   }%
121 \fi

122 \begingroup\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\endgroup
123 \expandafter\ifx\csname RequirePackage\endcsname\relax
124   \input infwarerr.sty\relax
125   \input ltxcmds.sty\relax
126 \else
127   \RequirePackage{infwarerr}[2007/09/09]%
128   \RequirePackage{ltxcmds}[2016/05/16]%
129 \fi

```

2.3 User macros

`\ifengordraise` The switch `\ifengordraise`, whether the ordinal letters are raised or not. Default is raised because of compatibility.

```

130 \ltx@newif\ifengordraise
131 \engordraisetrue

```

In L^AT_EX this also can be controlled by option `normal` or `raise`.

```

132 \begingroup\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\endgroup
133 \expandafter\ifx\csname DeclareOption\endcsname\relax
134 \else
135   \DeclareOption{normal}{\engordraisefalse}%
136   \DeclareOption{raise}{\engordraisetrue}%
137   \ProcessOptions*\relax
138 \fi

```

`\engordletters` `\engordletters` is called with one argument, the english ordinal letters, and contains the code to format them. It defaults to `\textsuperscript` depending on `\ifengordraise`.

```

139 \expandafter\ifx\csname engordletters\endcsname\relax
140   \EO@def\engordletters{%
141     \ifengordraise
142       \expandafter\engordtextsuperscript
143     \fi
144   }%
145 \fi

```

`\engordtextsuperscript` For plain \TeX the definition is quite ugly, redefine `\engordtextsuperscript` if you have a better one.

```

146 \expandafter\ifx\csname engordtextsuperscript\endcsname\relax
147   \begingroup\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\endgroup
148   \expandafter\ifx\csname textsuperscript\endcsname\relax
149     \def\engordtextsuperscript#1{%
150       \relax
151       \ifmode
152         ~{\rm#1}%
153       \else
154         $~{\rm#1}$%
155       \fi
156     }%
157   \else
158     \def\engordtextsuperscript{\textsuperscript}%
159   \fi
160 \fi

```

`\engorderror` `\engorderror` is called, if the number is zero or negative.

```

161 \expandafter\ifx\csname engorderror\endcsname\relax
162   \EO@def\engorderror#1{%
163     #1\engordletters{!ERROR!}%
164     \@PackageWarning{engord}{%
165       '#1' is not an ordinal number%
166     }%
167   }%
168 \fi

```

`\engord` `\engord` expects a \LaTeX counter name as argument and calls `\engordnumber`. It is defined only, if \LaTeX is used.

```

169 \begingroup\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\endgroup
170 \expandafter\ifx\csname newcounter\endcsname\relax
171 \else
172   \EO@def\engord#1{%
173     \engordnumber{\value{#1}}%
174   }%
175 \fi

```

`\engordnumber` `\engordnumber` is the user command to print a number as english ordinal number. The argument can be any \TeX number like explicit numbers, register values, ...

In a safe way it converts the \TeX number argument into a form that only consists of decimal digits.

```

176 \EO@def\engordnumber#1{%
177   \expandafter\EO@number\expandafter{\number#1}%
178 }

```

2.4 Suffix generation

`\EO@number` `\EO@number` expects a number with decimal digits as argument and looks at the size of the number and the count of the digits:

```
179 \def\EO@number#1{%
180   \ifnum#1<1 % handle the error case
181     \engorderror{#1}%
182   \else
183     \ifnum#1<21 %
184       \EO@ord{#1}%
185     \else
186       \ifnum#1<100 %
187         \EO@twodigits#1%
188       \else
189         \@ReturnAfterFi{%
190           \EO@reverse#1\@nil}\EO@afterreverse
191         }%
192       \fi
193     \fi
194   \fi
195 }
```

`\@ReturnAfterFi` An internal help macro to prevent a too deep `\if` nesting.

```
196 \long\def\@ReturnAfterFi#1\fi{\fi#1}
```

`\EO@ord` `\EO@ord` prints the number with ord letters.

#1: decimal digits, #1 < 21

```
197 \def\EO@ord#1{%
198   #1%
199   \expandafter\engordletters
200   \ifcase#1{th}\or
201     {st}\or
202     {nd}\or
203     {rd}\else
204     {th}%
205   \fi
206 }
```

`\EO@twodigits` `\EO@twodigits` expects a number with two digits, 20 < number < 100

```
207 \def\EO@twodigits#1#2{%
208   #1\EO@ord{#2}%
209 }
```

`\EO@reverse` `\EO@reverse` reverses the digits of the number.

#1: next digit
#2: rest of the digits
#3: already reversed digits
#4: next command to call with the reversed number as argument

```
210 \def\EO@reverse#1#2\@nil#3#4{%
211   \ifx\#2\%
212     #4{#1#3}%
213   \else
214     \@ReturnAfterFi{%
215       \EO@reverse#2\@nil{#1#3}{#4}%
216     }%
217   \fi
218 }
```

```

\EO@afterreverse \EO@afterreverse calls \EO@reverseback so that \EO@reverseback can inspect
the digits of the number.
219 \def\EO@afterreverse#1{%
220   \EO@reverseback#1\@nil
221 }

\EO@reverseback \EO@reverseback reverses the reversion.
#1: the last digit of the number
#2: the second last digit of the number
#3: first digits of the number in reversed order, it is not empty, because
\EO@reverseback is only called with numbers > 100.
222 \def\EO@reverseback#1#2#3\@nil{%
223   \EO@reverse#3\@nil}\@firstofone
224   \ifnum#2#1<21 %
225     \EO@ord{#2#1}%
226   \else
227     #2\EO@ord{#1}%
228   \fi
229 }

230 \EO@AtEnd%
231 </package>

```

3 Test

3.1 Catcode checks for loading

```

232 <{*test1}
233 \catcode'\{=1 %
234 \catcode'\}=2 %
235 \catcode'\#=6 %
236 \catcode'\@=11 %
237 \expandafter\ifx\csname count@\endcsname\relax
238   \countdef\count@=255 %
239 \fi
240 \expandafter\ifx\csname @gobble\endcsname\relax
241   \long\def@gobble#1{%
242 \fi
243 \expandafter\ifx\csname @firstofone\endcsname\relax
244   \long\def@firstofone#1{#1}%
245 \fi
246 \expandafter\ifx\csname loop\endcsname\relax
247   \expandafter@firstofone
248 \else
249   \expandafter@gobble
250 \fi
251 {%
252   \def\loop#1\repeat{%
253     \def\body{#1}%
254     \iterate
255   }%
256   \def\iterate{%
257     \body
258     \let\next\iterate
259   \else
260     \let\next\relax

```

```

261   \fi
262   \next
263 }%
264 \let\repeat=\fi
265 }%
266 \def\RestoreCatcodes{}
267 \count@=0 %
268 \loop
269   \edef\RestoreCatcodes{%
270     \RestoreCatcodes
271     \catcode\the\count@=\the\catcode\count@\relax
272   }%
273 \ifnum\count@<255 %
274   \advance\count@ 1 %
275 \repeat
276
277 \def\RangeCatcodeInvalid#1#2{%
278   \count@=#1\relax
279   \loop
280     \catcode\count@=15 %
281     \ifnum\count@<#2\relax
282       \advance\count@ 1 %
283     \repeat
284 }
285 \def\RangeCatcodeCheck#1#2#3{%
286   \count@=#1\relax
287   \loop
288     \ifnum#3=\catcode\count@
289     \else
290       \errmessage{%
291         Character \the\count@\space
292         with wrong catcode \the\catcode\count@\space
293         instead of \number#3%
294       }%
295     \fi
296     \ifnum\count@<#2\relax
297       \advance\count@ 1 %
298     \repeat
299 }
300 \def\space{ }
301 \expandafter\ifx\csname LoadCommand\endcsname\relax
302 \def\LoadCommand{\input engord.sty\relax}%
303 \fi
304 \def\Test{%
305   \RangeCatcodeInvalid{0}{47}%
306   \RangeCatcodeInvalid{58}{64}%
307   \RangeCatcodeInvalid{91}{96}%
308   \RangeCatcodeInvalid{123}{255}%
309   \catcode'\@=12 %
310   \catcode'\=0 %
311   \catcode'\%=14 %
312   \LoadCommand
313   \RangeCatcodeCheck{0}{36}{15}%
314   \RangeCatcodeCheck{37}{37}{14}%
315   \RangeCatcodeCheck{38}{47}{15}%
316   \RangeCatcodeCheck{48}{57}{12}%
317   \RangeCatcodeCheck{58}{63}{15}%
318   \RangeCatcodeCheck{64}{64}{12}%

```

```

319 \RangeCatcodeCheck{65}{90}{11}%
320 \RangeCatcodeCheck{91}{91}{15}%
321 \RangeCatcodeCheck{92}{92}{0}%
322 \RangeCatcodeCheck{93}{96}{15}%
323 \RangeCatcodeCheck{97}{122}{11}%
324 \RangeCatcodeCheck{123}{255}{15}%
325 \RestoreCatcodes
326 }
327 \Test
328 \csname @@end\endcsname
329 \end
330 </test1>

```

4 Installation

4.1 Download

Package. This package is available on CTAN¹:

[CTAN:macros/latex/contrib/oberdiek/engord.dtx](#) The source file.

[CTAN:macros/latex/contrib/oberdiek/engord.pdf](#) Documentation.

Bundle. All the packages of the bundle ‘oberdiek’ are also available in a TDS compliant ZIP archive. There the packages are already unpacked and the documentation files are generated. The files and directories obey the TDS standard.

[CTAN:install/macros/latex/contrib/oberdiek.tds.zip](#)

TDS refers to the standard “A Directory Structure for T_EX Files” ([CTAN:tds/tds.pdf](#)). Directories with `texmf` in their name are usually organized this way.

4.2 Bundle installation

Unpacking. Unpack the `oberdiek.tds.zip` in the TDS tree (also known as `texmf` tree) of your choice. Example (linux):

```
unzip oberdiek.tds.zip -d ~/texmf
```

Script installation. Check the directory `TDS:scripts/oberdiek/` for scripts that need further installation steps. Package `attachfile2` comes with the Perl script `pdfatfi.pl` that should be installed in such a way that it can be called as `pdfatfi`. Example (linux):

```
chmod +x scripts/oberdiek/pdfatfi.pl
cp scripts/oberdiek/pdfatfi.pl /usr/local/bin/
```

4.3 Package installation

Unpacking. The `.dtx` file is a self-extracting docstrip archive. The files are extracted by running the `.dtx` through plain T_EX:

```
tex engord.dtx
```

¹<http://ctan.org/pkg/engord>

TDS. Now the different files must be moved into the different directories in your installation TDS tree (also known as `texmf` tree):

```
engord.sty           → tex/generic/oberdiek/engord.sty
engord.pdf           → doc/latex/oberdiek/engord.pdf
test/engord-test1.tex → doc/latex/oberdiek/test/engord-test1.tex
engord.dtx           → source/latex/oberdiek/engord.dtx
```

If you have a `docstrip.cfg` that configures and enables `docstrip`'s TDS installing feature, then some files can already be in the right place, see the documentation of `docstrip`.

4.4 Refresh file name databases

If your \TeX distribution (`te \TeX` , `mik \TeX` , ...) relies on file name databases, you must refresh these. For example, `te \TeX` users run `texhash` or `mktextlsr`.

4.5 Some details for the interested

Attached source. The PDF documentation on CTAN also includes the `.dtx` source file. It can be extracted by AcrobatReader 6 or higher. Another option is `pdftk`, e.g. unpack the file into the current directory:

```
pdftk engord.pdf unpack_files output .
```

Unpacking with \LaTeX . The `.dtx` chooses its action depending on the format:

plain \TeX : Run `docstrip` and extract the files.

\LaTeX : Generate the documentation.

If you insist on using \LaTeX for `docstrip` (really, `docstrip` does not need \LaTeX), then inform the autodetect routine about your intention:

```
latex \let\install=y\input{engord.dtx}
```

Do not forget to quote the argument according to the demands of your shell.

Generating the documentation. You can use both the `.dtx` or the `.drv` to generate the documentation. The process can be configured by the configuration file `ltxdoc.cfg`. For instance, put this line into this file, if you want to have A4 as paper format:

```
\PassOptionsToClass{a4paper}{article}
```

An example follows how to generate the documentation with `pdf \LaTeX` :

```
pdflatex engord.dtx
makeindex -s gind.ist engord.idx
pdflatex engord.dtx
makeindex -s gind.ist engord.idx
pdflatex engord.dtx
```

5 Catalogue

The following XML file can be used as source for the [T_EX Catalogue](#). The elements `caption` and `description` are imported from the original XML file from the Catalogue. The name of the XML file in the Catalogue is `engord.xml`.

```
331 (*catalogue)
332 <?xml version='1.0' encoding='us-ascii'?>
333 <!DOCTYPE entry SYSTEM 'catalogue.dtd'>
334 <entry datestamp='$Date$' modifier='$Author$' id='engord'>
335   <name>engord</name>
336   <caption>Converts numbers to English ordinal numbers.</caption>
337   <authorref id='auth:oberdiek' />
338   <copyright owner='Heiko Oberdiek' year='2000,2003,2006-2008,2010' />
339   <license type='lpp1.3' />
340   <version number='1.9' />
341   <description>
342     Defines <tt>\engord</tt> (used like <tt>\arabic</tt>,
343     <tt>\roman</tt>, etc.), and <tt>\engordnumber</tt> (which formats
344     a &#x201C;TeX number&#x201D;).
345     <p/>
346     So <tt>\pagenumbering{engord}</tt> gives page numbers <tt>1st,
347     2nd, 3rd, ...</tt>
348     <p/>
349     The package is part of the <xref refid='oberdiek'>oberdiek</xref>
350     bundle.
351   </description>
352   <documentation details='Package documentation'
353     href='ctan:/macros/latex/contrib/oberdiek/engord.pdf' />
354   <ctan file='true' path='/macros/latex/contrib/oberdiek/engord.dtx' />
355   <miktex location='oberdiek' />
356   <texlive location='oberdiek' />
357   <install path='/macros/latex/contrib/oberdiek/oberdiek.tds.zip' />
358 </entry>
359 </catalogue>
```

6 History

[2000/05/23 v1.0]

- First public release, published in newsgroup [de.comp.text.tex](#):
“[Re: Ordinalzahlen in LaTeX?](#)”²

[2003/04/28 v1.1]

- Bug fix for 30, 40, 50, ..., 100, 130, ...
- `\ordletters` renamed to documented `\engordletters`.

[2006/02/20 v1.2]

- Support for plain T_EX.
- Switch `\ifengordraise` added.
- Package options `raise` and `normal` added.
- DTX framework.

²Url: <http://groups.google.com/group/de.comp.text.tex/msg/738e2cb4c51759d6>

[2007/04/11 v1.3]

- Line ends sanitized.

[2007/04/26 v1.4]

- Use of package infwarerr.

[2007/09/09 v1.5]

- Catcode section added.

[2007/09/20 v1.6]

- Short description fixed (George White).

[2008/08/11 v1.7]

- Code is not changed.
- URLs updated.

[2010/03/01 v1.8]

- Compatibility with ini-TeX.

[2016/05/16 v1.9]

- Documentation updates.

7 Index

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